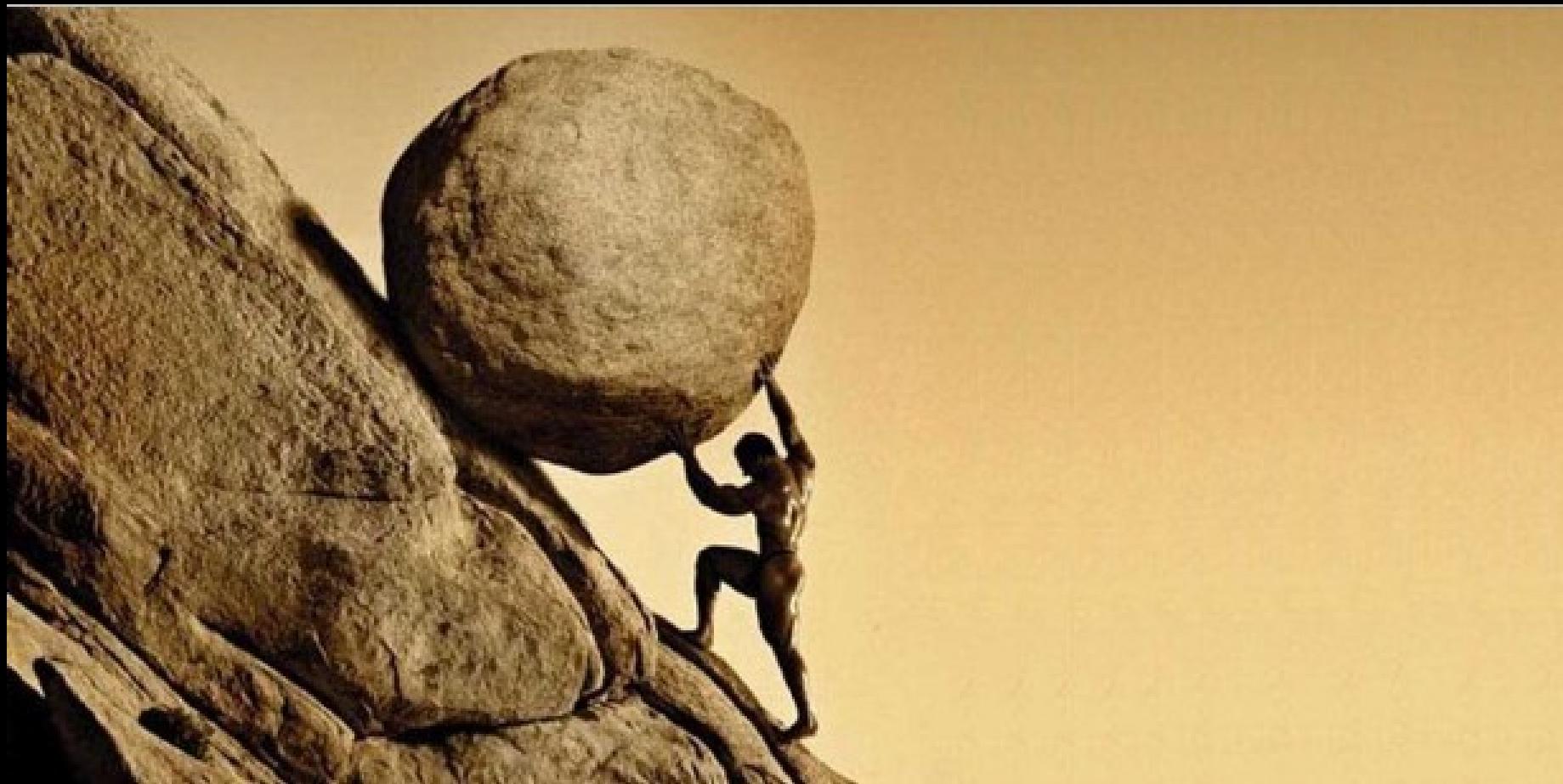


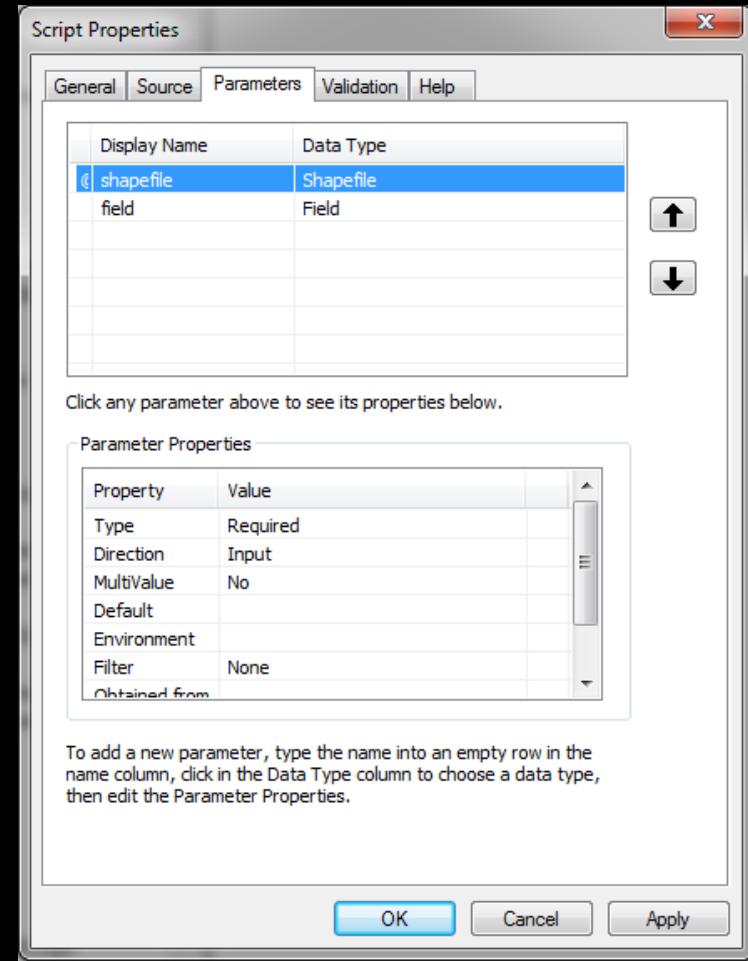
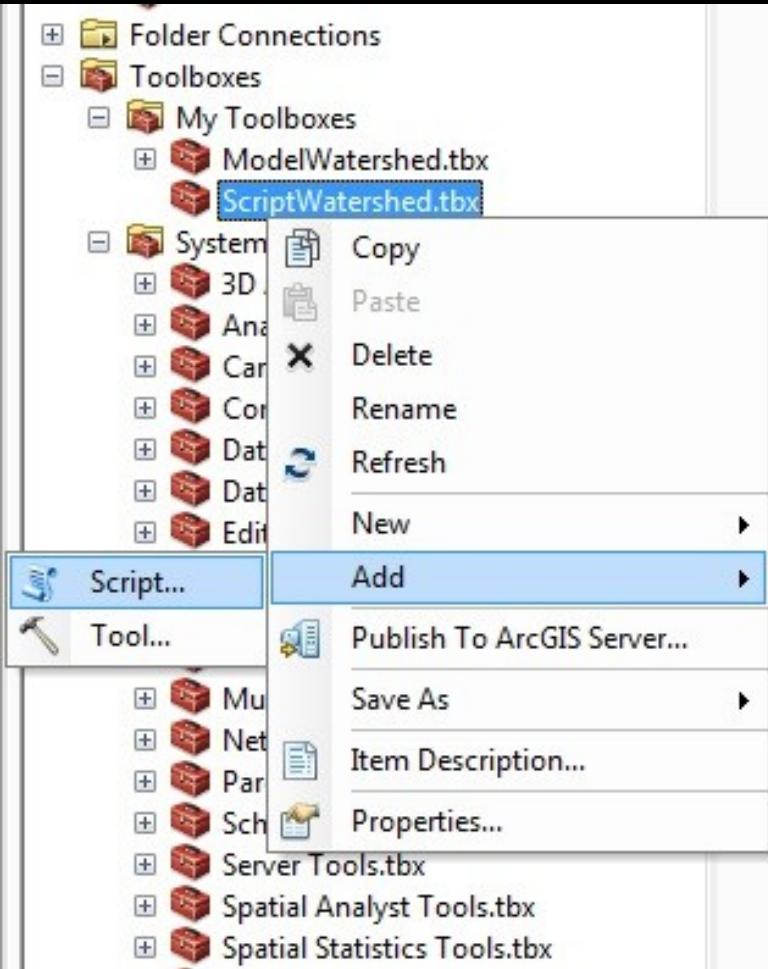
Python processing scripts for Qgis 3.X

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From Arcpy to Qgis



Code Sample

CostPath example 1 (Python window)

The following Python Window script demonstrates how to use the CostPath function.

```
import arcpy
from arcpy import env
from arcpy.sa import *
env.workspace = "C:/sapyexamples/data"
outCostPath = CostPath("observers", "costraster", "backlink2", "E")
outCostPath.save("c:/sapyexamples/output/costpath")
```

CostPath example 2 (stand-alone script)

Calculates the least-cost path from a source to a destination.

```
# Name: CostPath_Ex_02.py
# Description: Calculates the least-cost path from a source to
#              a destination.
# Requirements: Spatial Analyst Extension

# Import system modules
import arcpy
```



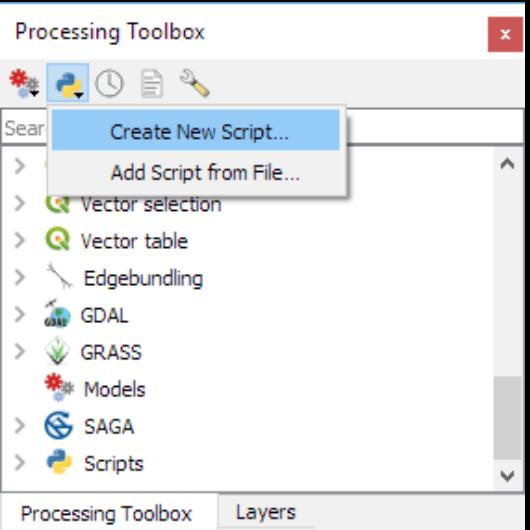
QGIS2.x to QGIS3.x

```
##Layer1=raster  
##Layer2=raster  
##myDouble=Double  
##OutLayer1=output raster  
##OutLayer2=output raster
```



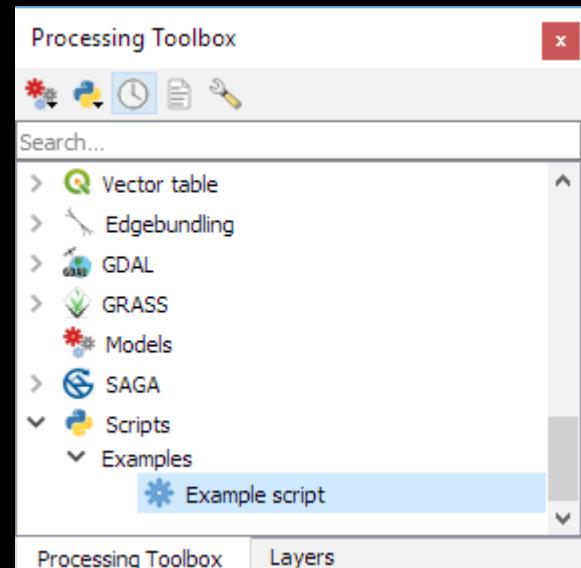
PyQt 4 TO PyQt 5

Processing Flow



The screenshot shows the QGIS Script editor window. The title bar says 'Script editor'. The main area contains the following Python code:

```
1  from qgis.PyQt.QtCore import QCoreApplication, QVariant
2  from qgis.core import (QgsField, QgsFeature, QgsFeatureSink, QgsFeatureRequest, QgsProcessing, QgsProcessingAlgorithm, QgsProcessingParameterFeatureSource, QgsProcessingParameterFeatureSink)
3
4  class ExAlgo(QgsProcessingAlgorithm):
5      INPUT = 'INPUT'
6      OUTPUT = 'OUTPUT'
7
8      def __init__(self):
9          super().__init__()
10
11     def name(self):
12         return "exalgo"
13
14     def tr(self, text):
15         return QCoreApplication.translate("exalgo", text)
16
17     def displayName(self):
18         return self.tr("Example script")
19
20     def group(self):
21         return self.tr("Examples")
22
23     def groupId(self):
24         return "examples"
25
26     def shortHelpString(self):
27         return self.tr("Example script without logic")
```



Syntax

Import all necessary classes

```
from PyQt5.QtCore import QApplication  
from qgis.core import  
    (QgsField, QgsFeature,  
     QgsFeatureSink,  
     QgsFeatureRequest,  
     QgsProcessing,  
     QgsProcessingParameterFile)  
import json  
import pandas as pd
```

Define the algorithm as a class inheriting from QgsProcessingAlgorithm

```
class ExampleProcessingAlgorithm(QgsProcessingAlgorithm):
```

Python Classes/Objects:

Python is an object oriented programming language.

Almost everything in Python is an object, with its properties and methods.

A Class is like an object constructor, or a "blueprint" for creating objects.

Declare the names of the Input and Output parameters

```
class SpatialJoin(QgsProcessingAlgorithm):
    INPUT = "INPUT"
    JOIN = "JOIN"
    PREDICATE = "PREDICATE"
    JOIN_FIELDS = "JOIN_FIELDS"
    METHOD = "METHOD"
    PREFIX = "PREFIX"
    OUTPUT = "OUTPUT"
    NON_MATCHING = "NON_MATCHING"
```

GUI , Help , Etc

```
def tr(self, string):
    return QCoreApplication.translate('Processing', string)
def createInstance(self):
    return ExampleProcessingAlgorithm()
def name(self):
    return ' test'
def displayName(self):
    return self.tr('Test')
```

GUI , Help , Etc

```
def group(self):  
    return self.tr('Qgis Meetup')  
  
def groupId(self):  
    return 'qgis_meetup'  
  
def shortHelpString(self):  
    return self.tr("Example algorithm short description")
```

Define the parameters of the processing framework

```
def initAlgorithm(self, config=None):  
    self.addParameter(  
        QgsProcessingParameterFeatureSource(  
            self.INPUT,  
            self.tr('Input layer'),  
            [QgsProcessing.TypeVectorAnyGeometry] ) )  
    self.addParameter(  
        QgsProcessingParameterFeatureSink(  
            self.OUTPUT,  
            self.tr('Output layer') )  
    )
```

processAlgorithm function

```
def processAlgorithm(self, parameters, context, feedback):  
    source = self.parameterAsSource(parameters, self.INPUT, context)
```



```
results = {}  
results[self.OUTPUT_RASTER_A] = output_path_raster_a  
results[self.OUTPUT_RASTER_B] = output_path_raster_b  
return results
```

Elements

Message

```
feedback.  
pushCons  
oleInfo()
```

crs

```
QgsCoordinateReferenceSystem('EPSG:4  
326')
```

Field

```
QgsField('area',  
QVariant.Double,  
'double', 20, 2)
```

Legend

```
QgsLegend  
Settings
```

Vector

```
QgsVectorLa  
yer()
```

Geometry

```
setGeometry(QgsG  
eometry.fromPoint(  
QgsPoint(123,  
456)))
```

Style

```
setColor(QC  
olor.fromRg  
b(255,0,0))
```

Annotation

```
QgsAnnotation
```

Map Canvas

```
iface.mapCan  
vas()
```

Layout

```
QgsLayout  
ItemMap.c  
reate
```

Raster

```
qgis.analysis.  
QgsRasterCal  
culator
```

Examples

Links

https://docs.qgis.org/testing/en/docs/pyqgis_developer_cookbook/

<https://qgis.org/pyqgis/3.0/index.html>

<https://qgis.org/api/index.html>

<https://gis.stackexchange.com/questions/282773/writing-a-python-processing-script-with-qgis-3-0>

https://github.com/qgis/QGIS/blob/master/doc/porting_processing.dox

<http://www.geoint.co.il/%D7%94%D7%A8%D7%A6%D7%AA-%D7%A1%D7%A7%D7%A8%D7%99%D7%A4%D7%98%D7%99%D7%9D-%D7%91-qgis3/>